

Printing date 18.09.2024 Version: 8.00 (replaces version 7.01) Revision: 17.07.2024

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name: SONAX Tar Remover

Article number: 03045050

UFI: KX36-R0JG-300W-1HJY

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Application of the substance / the mixture

Car care product Cleaning agent/ Cleaner

Consumer uses: Private households / general public / consumers

Professional uses

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer/Supplier:

SONAX GmbH Münchener Straße 75 D-86633 Neuburg (Donau) Tel.: ++49 (0)8431/53-0

Further information obtainable from:

Product safety

E-mail: erp@sonax.de

Phone: + +49 (0) 8431 53 217

United Kingdom:

Anglo American Oil Company Ltd

58 Holton Road, Holton Heath Trading Park, Poole, Dorset, BH16 6LT

Telephone: (+44) 01929 551557

Email: info@aaoil.co.uk

1.4 Emergency telephone number:

European Union: +49 (0) 89 19240 (Poison Centre Munich)

United Kingdom: 0344 892 0111 (UK NPIS)

Members of Public in England, Scotland and Wales can contact NHS 111/NHS 24 by dialling 111

In Northern Ireland, contact your local GP

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Flam. Liq. 3 H226 Flammable liquid and vapour. STOT SE 3 H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Asp. Tox. 1 H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Aquatic Chronic 3 H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

The product is classified and labelled according to the GB CLP regulation.

Hazard pictograms







GHS02 GHS07

Signal word Danger

Hazard-determining components of labelling:

C9-14 Alkane/Cycloalkane

Hazard statements

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

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Precautionary statements

P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P233 Keep container tightly closed. P261 Avoid breathing vapours.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Additional information:

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. Buildup of explosive mixtures possible without sufficient ventilation.

2.3 Other hazards

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT:

According to information provided in the supply chain, the mix contains less than 0.1% of any substances classified as PBT

vPvB:

According to information provided in the supply chain, the mix contains less than 0.1% of any substances classified as vPvB.

Determination of endocrine-disrupting properties

The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to UK REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Description: Solvent-emulsion mixture

Dangerous components:		
EC No 927-241-2 Reg.nr.: 01-2119471843-32-xxxx	Hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics Alternative CAS number: 64742-48-9 Flam. Liq. 3, H226;	25-<50%
EC No 926-141-6 Reg.nr.: 01-2119456620-43-xxxx	Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics Alternative CAS number: 64742-47-8 Asp. Tox. 1, H304, EUH066	25-<50%
EC No 918-668-5 Reg.nr.: 01-2119455851-35-XXXX	Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics Alternative CAS number: 64742-95-6 Flam. Liq. 3, H226; Asp. Tox. 1, H304; Aquatic Chronic 2, H411; STOT SE 3, H335; STOT SE 3, H336	5-<10%
CAS: 110-25-8 EC number: 701-177-3 Reg.nr.: 01-2119488991-20-xxxx	(Z)-N-methyl-N-(1-oxo-9-octadecenyl)glycine Eye Dam. 1, H318; Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1); Acute Tox. 4, H332; Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	<1%

Regulation (EC) No 648/2004 on detergents / Labelling for contents				
aliphatic hydrocarbons ≥30%				
aromatic hydrocarbons	≥5 - <15%			

Additional information:

For the wording of the listed hazard phrases refer to section 16.

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Hydrocarbon mixture: Benzene content < 0.1%

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General information:

Take affected persons out of danger area and lay down.

Remove soiled clothing

After inhalation:

Supply fresh air.

In the event of irritation of the respiratory tract, dizziness, nausea or unconsciousness, call medical assistance immediately.

After skin contact: Wash the areas of skin affected with water and a mild detergent.

After eye contact:

Rinse opened eye for several minutes under running water. If symptoms persist, consult a doctor.

After swallowing: Do not induce vomiting; call for medical help immediately.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Headache Dizziness Drowsiness

Nausea

Reddening, drying and crack formation of the skin

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

If swallowed or in case of vomiting, danger of entering the lungs.

Treatment in accordance with the doctor's assessment of the patient's condition. Symptomatic treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing agents:

Foam

Carbon dioxide

Fire-extinguishing powder

Water haze

For safety reasons unsuitable extinguishing agents: Water with full jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Can form explosive gas-air mixtures.

In case of fire, the following can be released:

Carbon monoxide (CO)

Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Protective equipment:

Do not inhale explosion gases or combustion gases.

Wear fully protective suit.

Do not enter the hazardous area without a self-contained breathing apparatus.

See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.

Additional information

Collect contaminated fire fighting water separately. It must not enter the sewage system.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Ensure adequate ventilation **For non-emergency personnel** Keep away from ignition sources.

For emergency responders Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away.

6.2 Environmental precautions:

Do not allow to penetrate the ground/soil.

Do not allow to enter sewers/ surface or ground water.

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Inform respective authorities in case of seepage into water course or sewage system.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Ensure adequate ventilation.

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomite, acid binders, universal binders, sawdust).

Dispose contaminated material as waste according to section 13.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 7 for information on safe handling.

See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.

See Section 13 for disposal information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Ensure good ventilation/exhaustion at the workplace.

Buildup of explosive mixtures possible without sufficient ventilation.

Information about fire - and explosion protection:



Keep ignition sources away - Do not smoke.

Highly volatile, flammable constituents are released during processing.

Fumes can combine with air to form an explosive mixture.

Protect against electrostatic charges.

Use explosion-proof apparatus / fittings and spark-proof tools.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities Storage:

Requirements to be met by storerooms and receptacles:

Provide solvent resistant, sealed floor.

Store in a cool location.

Information about storage in one common storage facility:

Store away from foodstuffs.

Store away from oxidising agents.

Observe local/state/federal regulations.

Further information about storage conditions:

Store receptacle in a well ventilated area.

Keep container tightly sealed.

Protect from heat and direct sunlight.

Protect from frost.

Recommended storage temperature: 20 °C.

7.3 Specific end use(s) No further relevant information available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Ingredien	Ingredients with limit values that require monitoring at the workplace:		
Hydrocarl	Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics		
RCP-TWA (EU) Long-term value: 1200 mg/m³, 165 ppm Vapour / Total Hydrocarbons			
DNELs	DNELs		
Hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics			
Oral	DNEL	125 mg/kg bw/day (consumer) (ChronicExposure, SystemicEffects)	
Dermal	DNEL	125 mg/kg bw/day (consumer) (ChronicExposure, SystemiEffects)	
		208 mg/kg bw/day (worker) (ChronicExposure, SystemicEffects)	
Inhalative	DNEL	185 mg/m³ (consumer) (ChronicExposure, SystemicEffects)	
		871 mg/m³ (worker) (ChronicExposure, SystemicEffects)	

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Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics			
Oral	DNEL	11 mg/kg bw/day (consumer) (long term - systemic effects)	
Dermal	DNEL	25 mg/kg bw/day (worker) (long term - systemic effects)	
Inhalative	DNEL	32 mg/m³ (consumer) (long term - systemic effects)	
	DNEL	150 mg/m³ (worker) (long term - systemic effects)	
CAS: 110-	·25-8 (Z	Z)-N-methyl-N-(1-oxo-9-octadecenyl)glycine	
Oral	DNEL	92 mg/kg (consumer) (acute systematic effects)	
	DNEL	5 mg/kg (consumer) (longterm systematic effects)	
Dermal	DNEL	50 mg/kg (consumer) (acute systematic effects)	
		10 mg/kg (worker) (longterm systematic effects)	
	DNEL	5 mg/kg (consumer) (longterm systematic effects)	
		100 mg/kg (worker) (acute systematic effects)	
Inhalative	DNEL	9 mg/m³ (consumer) (acute locale effects)	
		18 mg/m³ (worker) (acute locale effects)	
	DNEL	0.005 mg/m³ (consumer) (longterm local effects)	
		0.01 mg/m³ (worker) (longterm local effects)	
	DNEL	0.1 mg/m³ (consumer) (longterm systematic effects)	
		0.2 mg/m³ (worker) (longterm systematic effects)	
PNECs		-	
CAS: 110-	·25-8 (Z	Z)-N-methyl-N-(1-oxo-9-octadecenyl)glycine	
PNEC 0.0043 mg/l (sporadic release)			
0.0	0.00043 mg/l (water (fresh water))		
0.0	0.000043 mg/l (water (sea water))		

Additional information: The lists valid during the making were used as basis.

8.2 Exposure controls

Suitable technical control devices

Ensure good ventilation. This can be achieved by localised extraction or general ventilation. If this is not sufficient to keep the concentration below the occupational exposure limit, suitable breathing protection is to be worn

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

General protective and hygienic measures:

The usual precautionary measures are to be adhered to when handling chemicals.

Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed.

Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work.

Respiratory protection:

If the occupational exposure limit is exceeded:

The following breathing protection is recommended:

Respiratory filter for organic gases and vapours (Type A)

Identification colour: Brown

[DIN EN 14387]

Hand protection Protective gloves

Material of gloves

Nitrile rubber, NBR

Recommended thickness of the material: ≥ 0.4 mm

IFN 3741

Penetration time of glove material Value for the permeation: Level 6 (≥480min)

Eye/face protection

Goggles recommended during refilling

[EN 166]

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

General Information

Physical stateFluidColour:Light brownOdour:Solvent-likeMelting point/freezing point:Undetermined.

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling

range 110 - 270 °C

Flammability Flammable liquid and vapour.

Lower and upper explosion limit

Lower: 0.6 Vol % (Hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-alkanes,

isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics)

Upper: 7 Vol % (Hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-alkanes,

isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics)

Flash point: 37 °C (DIN 51755)

Decomposition temperature: Not determined.

Decomposition temperature: pHNot determined.
Not applicable.

Viscosity:

Kinematic viscosity at 40 °C <20.5 mm²/s

Solubility

water: Not miscible or difficult to mix.

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)Not determined.
Not determined.

Density and/or relative density

Density at 20 °C:Vapour density
0.77-0.79 g/cm³
Not determined.

9.2 Other information

Appearance:

Form: Fluid

Important information on protection of health and

environment, and on safety.

Ignition temperature: Not determined.

Explosive properties: Product is not explosive. However, formation of

explosive air/vapour mixtures are possible.

Change in condition

Evaporation rate Not determined.

Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Explosives Void
Flammable gases Void
Aerosols Void
Oxidising gases Void
Gases under pressure Void

Flammable liquids Flammable liquid and vapour.

Flammable solids

Self-reactive substances and mixtures

Void
Pyrophoric liquids

Pyrophoric solids

Self-heating substances and mixtures

Void

Substances and mixtures, which emit flammable

Substances and mixtures, which emit flammable gases in contact with water

Oxidising liquids

Oxidising solids

Organic peroxides

Corrosive to metals

Desensitised explosives

Void

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SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

- 10.1 Reactivity No dangerous reactions known.
- 10.2 Chemical stability Stable under normal conditions.
- 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions Forms explosive gas mixture with air.
- 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Keep ignition sources away - Do not smoke.

Protect from heat and direct sunlight.

See Section 7 for information on safe handling.

- 10.5 Incompatible materials: strong oxidizing agents
- 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products: No dangerous decomposition products known.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

LD/LC50 v	LD/LC50 values relevant for classification:		
Hydrocari	Hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics		
Oral	LD50	>5,000 mg/kg (rat) (OECD 401)	
Dermal	LD50	>5,000 mg/kg (rabbit) (OECD 402)	
Inhalative	LC50 / 4h	>4,951 mg/m³ (rat) (OECD 403)	
Hydrocari	Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics		
Oral	LD50	>5,000 mg/kg (rat) (OECD 401)	
Dermal	LD50	>5,000 mg/kg (rabbit) (OECD 402)	
Inhalative	LC50/8h	>5,000 mg/m³ (rat) (OECD 403)	
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics			
Oral	LD50	3,592 mg/kg (rat) (OECD 401)	
Dermal	LD50	>3,160 mg/kg (rabbit) (OECD 402)	
CAS: 110-25-8 (Z)-N-methyl-N-(1-oxo-9-octadecenyl)glycine			
Oral	LD50	5,000 mg/kg (rat) (OECD 401)	
		>5,000 mg/kg (Ratte) (OECD 420)	
Inhalative	LC50 / 4h	1.37 mg/m³ (rat)	
		1.8 mg/m³ (Ratte) (OECD 403)	

Skin corrosion/irritation

Long-term exposure causes slight irritation of the skin.

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Serious eye damage/irritation

May cause slight, short-term eye complaints.

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT-single exposure May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

STOT-repeated exposure Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard

Viscosity: $< 20,5mm^2/s$ (40°C)

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

11.2 Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties

According to the current state of scientific knowledge, there is no data for the product regarding endocrine disrupting properties with health effects.

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None of the ingredients is listed.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product is considered to be harmful to aquatic organisms. May have long-term harmful effects in aquatic environments.

Aquatic toxi	Aquatic toxicity:		
Hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics			
LL50 / 96h	>10-<30 mg/l (Oncorhynchus mykiss)		
EL50 / 48h	>22-<46 mg/l (Daphnia magna)		
EL50 / 72h	>1,000 mg/l (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)		
NOELR 72 h	<1 mg/l (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)		
Hydrocarbo	ns, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics		
LLO 96 h	1,000 mg/l (Oncorhynchus mykiss)		
ELO 48 h	1,000 mg/l (Daphnia magna)		
ELO 72 h	ELO 72 h 1,000 mg/l (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)		
Hydrocarbo	ns, C9, aromatics		
LL50 / 96h	9.2 mg/l (Oncorhynchus mykiss)		
EL50 / 48h	3.2 mg/l (Ceriodaphnia Dubia)		
EL50 / 72h	2.6-2.9 mg/l (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)		
	i-8 (Z)-N-methyl-N-(1-oxo-9-octadecenyl)glycine		
	6.8 mg/l (fish)		
EC20 / 0.5 h	50 mg/l (activated sludge)		
EC50 / 48h	0.43 mg/l (Daphnia magna)		
EC50 / 72h	6.3 mg/l (Scenedesmus subspicatus)		
	0.91 mg/l (Desmodesmus subspicatus) (OECD 201)		
	ence and degradability		
	ns, C9-C10, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics		
	Biodegradation 89 % (28d)		
_	Hydrocarbons, C11-C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics		
Biodegradation 69 % (28d)			
CAS: 110-25-8 (Z)-N-methyl-N-(1-oxo-9-octadecenyl)glycine			
CSB	2,400 mg/g		
Biodegradation 85 % (OECD 301 B Ready Biodegradability CO2 Evolution)			
12.3 Bioaccumulative potential			
CAS: 110-25	CAS: 110-25-8 (Z)-N-methyl-N-(1-oxo-9-octadecenyl)glycine		
In at DOM/ 10 /	In POW 2.5.4.2		

log POW 3.5-4.2

12.4 Mobility in soil

Hydrocarbons, C9-C10, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics:

Highly volatile, will partition rapidly to air.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT:

According to information provided in the supply chain, the mix conatins less than 0.1% of any substances classified as PBT

vPvB:

According to information provided in the supply chain, the mix conatins less than 0.1% of any substances classified as vPvB

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

According to the current state of scientific knowledge, there is no data for the product regarding endocrine disrupting properties with effects on the environment.

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12.7 Other adverse effects

Additional ecological information:

General notes: The product may not be released into the environment without control.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Recommendation Waste must be disposed of while observing the local, official regulations.

European waste catalogue

- 1) Disposal / product
- 2) Disposal / contaminated packaging

20 01 13*	solvents			
15 01 10*	packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances			
HP3	Flammable			
HP5	Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT)/Aspiration Toxicity			
HP14	Ecotoxic			

Uncleaned packaging:

Recommendation: Disposal must be made according to official regulations.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number or ID number

ADR/RID/ADN, IMDG, IATA UN3295

14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADR/RID/ADN 3295 HYDROCARBONS, LIQUID, N.O.S. IMDG, IATA HYDROCARBONS, LIQUID, N.O.S.

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID/ADN



Class 3 (F1) Flammable liquids.

Label 3

IMDG, IATA



Class 3 Flammable liquids.

Label 3

14.4 Packing group

ADR/RID/ADN, IMDG, IATA |||

14.5 Environmental hazards:

Marine pollutant: No

14.6 Special precautions for user Warning: Flammable liquids.

Transport/Additional information:

ADR/RID/ADN

Transport category 3
Tunnel restriction code D/E

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UN "Model Regulation":

UN3295, HYDROCARBONS, LIQUID, N.O.S., 3, III

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture European Directives:

Directive 2010/75/EU (VOC) 98.32 %

Catégorie SEVESO (DIRECTIVE 2012/18/EU) P5c FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS

REGULATION (EU) 2019/1148

Annex I - RESTRICTED EXPLOSIVES PRECURSORS (Upper limit value for the purpose of licensing under Article 5(3))

None of the ingredients is listed.

Annex II - REPORTABLE EXPLOSIVES PRECURSORS

None of the ingredients is listed.

National regulations:

Information about limitation of use:

Employment restrictions concerning juveniles must be observed.

Employment restrictions concerning pregnant and lactating women must be observed.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment: A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

This information is based on our present knowledge. However, this shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship. This Safety Data Sheets is in compliance with Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Article 31 as amended by

Regulation (EU) 2020/878.

Relevant phrases

- H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
- May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H304
- Causes skin irritation. H315
- Causes serious eye damage. H318
- H332 Harmful if inhaled.
- H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
- H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
- H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.
- H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
- H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008				
Flammable liquids	On basis of test data			
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Aspiration hazard Hazardous to the aquatic environment - long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard	The classification of the mixture is generally based on the calculation method using substance data according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.			

Date of previous version: 05.05.2023 Version number of previous version: 7.01

Abbreviations and acronyms:

RID: Règlement international concernant le transport des marchandises dangereuses par chemin de fer (Regulations Concerning the

International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail)

NOEL = No Observed Effect Level NOEC = No Observed Effect Concentration

LC = letal Concentration

EC50 = half maximal effective concentration

log POW = Octanol / water partition coefficient

GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

ATE: acute toxicity estimate

ADR: Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (European Agreement Concerning the International

Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

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IATA: International Air Transport Association EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)
DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level (UK REACH)
PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration (UK REACH)

LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent

LO50: Lethal dose, 50 percent
IOELV = indicative occupational exposure limit values
Flam. Liq. 3: Flammable liquids – Category 3
Acute Tox. 4: Acute toxicity – Category 4
Skin Irrit. 2: Skin corrosion/irritation – Category 2

Skin Mil. 2. Skin Corrosion/Initiation – Category 2
Eye Dam. 1: Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 1
STOT SE 3: Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) – Category 3
Asp. Tox. 1: Aspiration hazard – Category 1
Aquatic Acute 1: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute aquatic hazard – Category 1 Aquatic Chronic 2: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - long-term aquatic hazard — Category 2 Aquatic Chronic 3: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - long-term aquatic hazard — Category 3 * Data compared to the previous version altered.